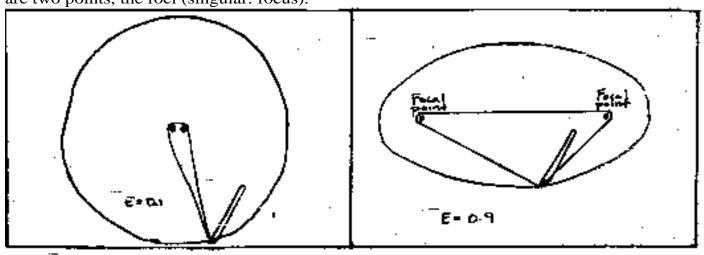
Drawing Ellipses Lab

Name	Block

Background:

All orbits are ellipses. But what are ellipses? Instead of one point of interest, the center, there are two points, the foci (singular: focus).



Be sure that you move the tacks (they act as the focal points.)

The farther apart an ellipse/s foci are, the more eccentric it is said to be. A circle is just a special case of an ellipse; if the two foci are at exactly the same place, the ellipse is a circle. The Earth's orbit is very nearly a circle. If the Earth's orbit were very eccentric, the distance from the Earth to the sun throughout the year would vary a great deal more than it does. This could make the sun appear much larger when we were closer and much smaller when we were farther away. It would also vary the amount of light and heat the Earth receives from the Sun.

Materials:

Thick cardboard; paper, string, sharp pencil, two push pins

Procedure:

- 1. Place the paper on the cardboard and secure the two push pins.
- 2. Hook the string around the two push pins.
- 3. Pull the loop taut with the point of a sharp pencil. Keeping the loop taut, move the pencil around to draw an ellipse.
- 4. Read the questions below and experiment to find the answers.

Questions:

1. What happens when the foci are farther apart? closer together?

flatter (more ecce	entric)?					
3. What if the two push	pins are ri	ght next to	one anothe	r?		
4. What if there's only or	ne push pir	?				
5. Eccentricity is the flat distance between the foculi ellipse is the line connect foci.	i (d) by th	e length of	the major ax	$\operatorname{dis}(L)$. $e = d$	/L The ma	ijor axis of an
Complete the following to for BONUS points!)	able for tw	wo of the ell	lipses you di	rew. Measu i	re in cm. (Y	You can do more
for Borves points.)			BONUS	BONUS	BONUS	
	A	В	C	D	E	
d (distance between foci)						
L (length of major axis)						
e (e = d/L)						
shape (more/less elliptical)					
6. Study the shapes and between how flat an ellip (As Statement)						-
7. Which factor, distance to be equal in order for t			•			ity (e = d/L) ha
8. What geometric shape What would the eccentric				ocated at the	(0,0) point	t of a graph?

9. Many comets have an eccentricity of close to 1. Describe the shape of this orbit.

2. How can you make the ellipse rounder (less eccentric)?

10. Table C on Page 409 in your Earth Science book shows the eccentricity of the orbits of the planets. Write the names of the planets in order from most eccentric to least eccentric .
11. Which ellipse that you drew best represents the most eccentric planet's orbit? Why?
12. Would you say the planets' orbits are more elliptical or more circular?